EFFECTIVE MEETINGS

PLANNING FOR A MEETING

Don't call a meeting unless it is necessary and timely.

Know in advance what you want to accomplish.

Always distribute an agenda.

In advance if possible.

Otherwise, at the beginning of the meeting.

Be realistic about what you can accomplish in the time available.

Make sure your constituents' interests will be addressed.

Make sure everyone who attends has a role to play.

Have a strategy.

Anticipate areas of disagreement.

Know your own positions.

Formulate resolutions to be introduced at the meeting.

Think of compromises and fall-back positions.

Think of ways to mediate disagreements.

CHAIRING A MEETING

Make sure someone is taking minutes.

Be neutral and fair.

Your primary role is to move the discussion.

You can still take positions.

Listen closely to what people say.

Encourage participation.

Don't let anyone feel ignored.

Don't let a few people dominate.

Structure and lead the discussion.

Keep people focussed and constructive.

Separate issues from each other.

Summarize areas of agreement and disagreement.

Be aware of time.

Use informal votes to close debate or continue discussion.

Avoid becoming angry or defensive.

Be ready to change your plans if necessary in response to group.

FOLLOW-UP

Ask people what they thought of the meeting.

Listen to criticisms and think of ways to improve.

Get a legible copy of the minutes.

Make sure people with specific tasks know what to do and have deadlines.

Report what you have learned at the meeting to the officers.